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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/564,755	01/08/2007	Norishige Nanai	061352-0122	2140
53080 MCDERMOT	7590 04/12/2010 T WILL & EMERY LLP	EXAMINER		
600 13TH STI	REET, NW	NGUYEN, CUONG QUANG		
WASHINGTO	N, DC 20005-3096		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2811	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			04/12/2010	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary

Application No.	Applicant(s)	
10/564,755	NANAI ET AL.	
Examiner	Art Unit	
CUONG Q. NGUYEN	2811	

	Examiner	ALC OILL					
	CUONG Q. NGUYEN	2811					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address							
Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPU- WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DV - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.15 - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.15 - If NO period for reply is a specified above, the maximum statutory period of the provisions of the provisi	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this o D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	•				
Status							
Responsive to communication(s) filed on							
	action is non-final.						
' _	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Claims							
· _							
4) Claim(s) <u>27-55</u> is/are pending in the application							
	4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>35,38-45 and 53-55</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>27-34,36,37 and 46-52</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	ion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	ected to. See 37 C	FR 1.121(d).				
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
		(4) (6)					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).							
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:							
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage							
application from the International Bureau	•	o in this National	Stage				
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
Attachment(s)							
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da						
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (P10-948)	5) Notice of Informal F						

Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)

Paper No(s)/Mail Date 10-21-09, 03-22-07, 01-08-07,03-27-07, 01-17-06.

6) Other: _____.

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restriction

 Applicant's election without traverse of embodiment IV, claims 27-34, 36-37 and 46-52 is acknowledged.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 27-31 and 46-47 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Tsukamoto et al. (US 7,282,742).

Regarding claim 27, Tsukamoto discloses a field effect transistor comprising: a semiconductor layer through which carriers injected from a source region travel toward a drain region, the semiconductor layer being formed from a composite material comprising an organic semiconductor material and nanotubes, wherein the nanotubes are each circumferentially coated with the organic semiconductor material in the semiconductor layer (col.6 lines 21-35). See Fig.1.

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Tsukamoto does not explicitly teach that the nanotubes are each circumferentially coated with the organic semiconductor material in the semiconductor layer and the mixture ratio of the nanotubes to the whole semiconductor layer is 30 to 90% by volume.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to provide volume percentage of nanotubes in the organic semiconductor material as claimed because the percentage of nanotubes in the organic semiconductor material would have been determinable by one of ordinary skill in the art through no more than routine experimentation. See In re Aller, 220 F.2d 454, 456, 105 USPQ 233, 235 (CCPA 1955).

Regarding claims 28, 29, Tsukamoto teaches that plural ones of the nanotubes are joined with each other in the semiconductor layer. See col.7 lines 10-13.

Regarding claims 30, 31, 46, 47, Tsukamoto teaches that the nanotubes are carbon nanotubes and the organic semiconductor material is a polymer-type organic semiconductor material.

Claims 27-34, 36-37, and 46-51 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Hirai et al. (US 6,794,220) in view of Tsukamoto et al. (US 7,282,742).

Regarding claim 27, Hirai et al. discloses a field effect transistor comprising: a semiconductor layer through which carriers injected from a source region travel toward a drain region, the semiconductor layer being formed from a composite material comprising an organic semiconductor material. See Fig. 1f.

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Hiral does not explicitly teach that the composite material comprising the organic semiconductor material and nanotubes wherein the nanotubes are each circumferentially coated with the organic semiconductor material in the semiconductor layer and the mixture ratio of the nanotubes to the whole semiconductor layer is 30 to 90% by volume.

Tsukamoto et al. teaches that the composite material comprises the organic semiconductor material and carbon nonotubes.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to incorporate the carbon nanotubes into the composite material as taught by Tsukamoto in order to increase the mobility of the carriers in the organic semiconductor material (see Tsukamoto col.3 lines 1-40). It would have been also obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to provide volume percentage of nanotubes in the organic semiconductor material as claimed because the percentage of nanotubes in the organic semiconductor material would have been determinable by one of ordinary skill in the art through no more than routine experimentation. See In re Aller, 220 F.2d 454, 456, 105 USPQ 233, 235 (CCPA 1955).

Regarding claims 28, 29, Tsukamoto teaches that plural ones of the nanotubes are joined with each other in the semiconductor layer. See col.7 lines 10-13.

Regarding claims 30, 31, 46, 47, Tsukamoto teaches that the nanotubes are carbon nanotubes and the organic semiconductor material is a polymer-type organic semiconductor material.

Regarding claims 32, 34, 48, 50, Hirai et al. teaches that the polymer-type organic semiconductor material is a thiophene-type material (see col.5 lines 55-65) or acenetype material (see col.5 lines 45-50).

Regarding claims 33, 49, it is noted that, as above, the organic semiconductor material in Hirai et al. is identical as the organic semiconductor material as claimed, so the organic semiconductor material in Hairai et al. would inherently possess a low-molecular-weight organic semiconductor material as claimed.

Regarding claims 36-37 and 51-52, as shown in Fig.1f, the field effect transistor is formed on a plastic sheet or a resin film substrate. See col.2 lines 55-60.

Conclusion

- 3. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Cuong Nguyen whose telephone number is (571) 272-1661. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00 am to 5:30 pm. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Lynne Gurley can be reached on (571) 272-1670. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.
- 4. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the

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Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published

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applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status

information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only.

For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should

you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic

Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

/Cuong Q Nguyen/

Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2811

4/12/2010